

Data Retention Policy

This policy sets out the minimum periods of retention of the personal data that we process. Schools will generally seek to balance the benefits of keeping detailed and complete records – for the purposes of good practice, archives or general reference – with practical considerations of storage, space and accessibility. However, there are legal considerations in respect of retention of records and documents which must be borne in mind. These include:

- statutory duties and government guidance relating to schools, including for safeguarding;
- disclosure requirements for potential future litigation;
- contractual obligations;
- the law of confidentiality and privacy; and
- the General Data Protection Regulations and associated legislation.

These will inform not only minimum and maximum retention periods, but also what to keep and who should be able to access it.

Child protection and document retention

In the light of the Independent Inquiry into Child Sexual Abuse and various high-profile safeguarding cases, all independent schools are aware of the emphasis currently being placed on long-term, lifetime or even indefinite keeping of full records related to incident reporting. Regardless of suggested retention timescales set out below, St John's College School may at its discretion extend this rule to any and/or all personnel and pupil files on a 'safety first' basis.

These guidelines have been drafted in full awareness of these considerations. Data protection issues should never put child safety at risk, nor take precedence over the general prevention and processing of safeguarding

Meaning of "Record"

In these guidelines, "record" means any document or item of data which contains evidence or information relating to the school, its staff or pupils. Some of this material, but not all, will contain personal data of individuals as defined in the GDPR.

Many, if not most, new and recent records will be created, received and stored electronically. Others (such as Certificates, Registers, or older records) will be original paper documents. The format of the record is less important than its contents and the purpose for keeping it.

Both paper and digital records will be stored securely and all appropriate measures taken to ensure the security of the data at all times.

Secure disposal of documents

When data is to be destroyed, this may be carried out by an appropriately licenced third party, with whom an appropriate Data Processing Agreement is in place.

For confidential, sensitive or personal information to be considered securely disposed of, it must be in a condition where it cannot either be read or reconstructed. Skips and 'regular' waste disposal will not be considered secure.

Paper records will be shredded using a cross-cutting shredder; CDs / DVDs / diskettes will be cut into pieces. Hard-copy images, AV recordings and hard disks will be dismantled and destroyed.

Where third party disposal experts are used they will be subject to adequate contractual obligations to the school to process and dispose of the information confidentially and securely.

Timescales for retention

Except where there is a specific statutory obligation to destroy records, it is misleading to treat these suggestions as prescriptive 'time limits'. Figures given are not intended as a substitute to exercising thought and judgment, or taking specific advice, depending on the circumstances.

The figures suggested in this table are, in most cases, guides as to what are periods of reasonable necessity that could be defensible if challenged. Case by case decision making for documents would in theory be ideal, but in reality practical considerations mean that regular 'pruning' of records may not be an acceptable use of school resources. It is therefore accepted that sometimes a more systemic or broad-brush approach is necessary.

TABLE OF SUGGESTED RETENTION PERIODS

Type of Record/Document		Suggested Retention Period
EMAILS ON SERVER		
•	Pupil email account	Delete upon leaving school, or within one year
•	Staff emails	Routine deletion of historic emails after 2 – 3 years and
		delete account within 1 year of leaving school
SCHOOL-SPECIFIC RECORDS		
•	Registration documents of School	Permanent (or until closure of the school)
•	Attendance Register	6 years from last date of entry, then archive.
•	Minutes of Governors' meetings	6 years from date of meeting
•	Annual curriculum	From end of year: 3 years (or 1 year for other class records: eg marks / timetables / assignments)

INDIVIDUAL PUPIL RECORDS NB – this will generally be personal data 25 years from date of birth (or, if pupil not admitted, up Admissions: application forms, assessments, records of decisions to 7 years from that decision). Duration of student sponsorship plus minimum 1 year Student immigration records 7 years from pupil leaving school Examination results (external or internal) Pupil file including: ALL: 25 years from date of birth (subject where relevant to safeguarding considerations). Any material which o Pupil reports may be relevant to potential claims should be kept for o Pupil performance records the lifetime of the pupil. o Pupil medical records Date of birth plus up to 35 years (risk assessed) Special educational needs records (to be risk assessed individually) **SAFEGUARDING** Keep a permanent record of historic policies Policies and procedures No longer than 6 months from decision on recruitment, DBS disclosure certificates (if held) unless police specifically consulted – but a record of the checks being made must be kept on the SCR/Personnel file, but not the certificate itself. Keep on record for as long as any living victim may bring Accident / Incident reporting a claim (NB civil claim limitation periods can be set aside in cases of abuse). Ideally, files to be reviewed from time to time if resources allow and a suitably qualified person is available. If a referral has been made / social care have been Child Protection files involved or child has been subject of a multi-agency plan, or there is a risk of future claims – indefinitely. Where eg one on one meetings of classes, counselling Video recordings of meetings or application interviews are recorded for safeguarding purposes, a shorter term retention policy is acceptable based on the DSL's view of how quickly a concern will be likely to be raised (eg3-6 months or immediately upon DSL review) CORPORATE RECORDS (where applicable) eg where schools have trading arms Permanent (or until dissolution of the company) Certificates of Incorporation Minutes, Notes and Resolutions of Boards or Minimum – 10 years Management Meetings Shareholder resolutions Minimum - 10 years Register of Members/Shareholders Permanent (minimum 10 vears for exmembers/shareholders) Annual reports Minimum - 6 years

ACCOUNTING RECORDS Accounting records (normally taken to mean Minimum – 3 years for private UK companies records which enable a company's accurate (except where still necessary for tax returns) financial position to be ascertained & which give a Minimum – 6 years for UK charities (and public true and fair view of the company's financial state) companies) from the end of the financial year in which [NB specific ambit to be advised by an the transaction took place accountancy expert] Internationally - can be up to 20 years depending on local legal/accountancy requirements Tax returns Minimum - 6 years Minimum - 6 years VAT returns Minimum - 3 years Budget and internal financial reports **CONTRACTS AND AGREEMENTS** Minimum – 7 years from completion of contractual Signed or final/concluded agreements (plus obligations or term of agreement, whichever is the later any signed or final/concluded variations or amendments) Deeds (or contracts under seal) Minimum – 13 years from completion of contractual obligation or term of agreement INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RECORDS Formal documents of title (trade mark or Permanent (in the case of any right which can be permanently extended, eg trade marks); otherwise registered design certificates; patent or utility model certificates) expiry of right plus minimum of 7 years. Assignments of intellectual property to or As above in relation to contracts (7 years) or, where applicable, deeds (13 years). from the school Minimum – 7 years from completion of contractual IP / IT agreements (including software licences and ancillary agreements eg obligation concerned or term of agreement development; maintenance; storage; coexistence agreements; consents) **EMPLOYEE / PERSONNEL RECORDS** NB these records will contain personal data Single Central Record of employees Keep a permanent record of all mandatory checks that have been undertaken (but do not keep DBS certificate itself: 6 months as above) 7 years from effective date of end of contract. Contracts of employment Employee appraisals or reviews Duration of employment plus minimum of 7 years As above, but do not delete any information which may Staff personnel file be relevant to historic safeguarding claims.

•	Payroll, salary, maternity pay records	Minimum – 6 years
•	Pension or other benefit schedule records	Possibly permanent, depending on nature of scheme
•	Job application and interview/rejection records (unsuccessful applicants)	Minimum 3 months but no more than 1 year
•	Staff Immigration records	Minimum 2 years from end of employment
•	Worker Sponsor Records Health records relating to employees Low level concerns records about adults (where applicable and under a school policy)	Minimum 1 year from end of employment 7 years from end of employment Regular review recommended in order to justify longer term retention as part of safeguarding files.
INSURA	NCE RECORDS	
•	Insurance policies (will vary – private, public, professional indemnity)	Duration of policy (or as required by policy) plus a period for any run-off arrangement and coverage of insured risks: ideally, until it is possible to calculate that no living person could make a claim.
•	Correspondence related to claims/ renewals/ notification re: insurance	Minimum – 7 years (depending on what the policy covers and whether eg historical claims could be made)
ENVIRO	NMENTAL & HEALTH RECORDS	
•	Maintenance logs	10 years from date of last entry
•	Accidents to children	25 years from birth (longer for safeguarding incident)
•	Accident at work records (staff) Staff use of hazardous substances	Minimum – 4 years from date of accident, but review case-by-case where possible Minimum – 7 years from end of date of use
•	Stair use of nazardous substances	Willimitum – 7 years from end of date of use
•	Covid 19 risk assessments, consent etc (for now: to be subject to further review)	Retain for now legal paperwork (consents, notices, risk assessments) but not individual test results
•	Risk assessments (carried out in respect of above)	7 years from completion of relevant project, incident, event or activity.
•	Article 30 GDPR records of processing activity, data breach records, impact assessments	No limit (as long as no personal data held) but must be kept up to date, accurate and relevant